Entry # \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Origins of Hinduism Two-Column Notes (p 478-483) - KEY**

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| **Indian Society Divides**  |
| 1) What are the four varnas?  | Brahmins, Kshatriyas, Vaisyas, and Sudras  |
| 2) What were some rules described in the sutras?  | People couldn’t marry or eat with anyone from a different class |
| 3) How did a person become a member of a caste?  | Born into it |
| **Brahmanism**  |
| 4) What is the Rigveda?  | The oldest of the Vedas that contained a collection of hymns of praise to many gods  |
| 5) When was Rigveda probably written?  | Before 1000 BC |
| 6) How did the Upanishads differ from other Vedic texts?  | The Upanishads were reflections on the Vedas written by religious students and teachers |
| 7) Why did priests place sacrifices into a fire?  | They believed the fire would carry the sacrifice to the gods  |
| **Hinduism Develops**  |
| 8) According to Hindu belief, what are the three major forms of Brahman?  | Brahma the creator, Siva the destroyer, and Vishnu the preserver  |
| 9) What led to the development of Hinduism?  | The blending of the Vedic texts with ideas from other cultures  |
| 10) What factors determined how a person would be reborn?  | A person’s actions during his or her lifetime  |
| **Jains React to Hinduism**  |
| 11) On whose teachings were Jainism based?  | Mahariva  |
| 12) How did Jainism differ from Hinduism?  | The Jains believed that the Brahmins had too much control, and that there was too much emphasis on rituals  |
| 13) Why do Jains avoid eating meat?  | Because they believe in the sanctity of all life and in not injuring any creature |