**Origins of Judaism**

*Directions: Use Ch. 6, Sect. 1 (p.144-150) in the Eastern World textbook to complete the notes.*

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| 1. When did the Hebrews appear in Southwest Asia? How do we know about them?

Sometime between 2000 and 1500 BC Hebrews appeared in Southwest Asia. We know about the Hebrews because historians have shared this information with us. |
| 1. Who was the founder of Judaism? What did he do? What was promised to him?

Abraham was the founder. God told him to take his family and followers to the west. God promised if he took his followers to the west he descendants would become a mighty nation. He took his people to Canaan. |
| 1. Where did the Hebrews move, due to a famine? How were they treated there?

Hebrews moved to Egypt and the Pharaoh made them slaves because the Hebrews were becoming too powerful. |
| 1. What is the Exodus? Describe the events of it.

The Exodus is when Moses led all of his people out of Egypt. When plagues and disasters struck Egypt the Pharaoh had a change of heart and allowed Moses to lead the slaves to freedom. He went to Mount Sinai and God revealed the Ten Commandments to him. Moses and his followers wandered around the desert in search of finding Canaan.  |
| 1. What happened after the Exodus? What did they become known as?

After the Exodus they conquered Canaan and become known as the Israelites.  |
| 1. What happened after they could not agree on who should be the next king?

They split into two kingdoms. The people from Judah became Jews and the Israelites were from Israel.  |
| 1. What do scholars call the scattering of Jews? When and who scattered them?

Scholars call the scattering of the Jews Diaspora. Around 586 BC invaders (Roman) scattered them and destroyed Solomon’s temple. |
| 1. Name and describe the 4 main Jewish beliefs.

Belief in One God (monotheistic)Belief in JusticeBelief in RighteousnessBelief in Law |
| 1. Name and describe the three parts that make up the Hebrew Bible.

The Torah is the first part describes laws and history, the second part is made up of 8 books that describe the messages of Hebrew prophets, and the third part is made up of 11 books of poetry, songs, history, stories, and lessons. |
| 1. Name their house of worship and religious teachers.

Their house of worship is a synagogue and their religious teacher is called a Rabbi.  |
| 1. Name and describe the Jews main traditions and Holy Days.

Jewish Main Traditions: Hanukkah, PassoverJewish Holy Days: Yom Kippur and Rosh Hashanah |